

Que.1 Fill in the blanks.

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- (1) Multiplicative inverse of 6 in Z_7^* is
(a) 3 (b) 6 (c) 2 (d) 1
- (2) In Klein 4-group $G = \{e, a, b, c\}$, $abc =$
(a) c (b) e (c) b (d) a
- (3) is generator of group Z_5^* .
(a) $\bar{0}$ (b) $\bar{1}$ (c) $\bar{4}$ (d) $\bar{2}$
- (4) $O(\bar{5})$ in Z_6 is
(a) 6 (b) 3 (c) 4 (d) 2
- (5) Every cyclic group of order 4 is isomorphic to
(a) Klein 4-group (b) Z (c) N (d) Z_4
- (6) If H is any normal subgroup of G then
(a) $Hx = Hy$ (b) $Hx = xH$ (c) $Hx = H$ (d) $xH = yH$



Que.2 Answer the following (Any three)

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- (1) In group G ,prove that every element of G has unique inverse.
- (2) Prove or disprove:Union of two subgroups of group is also a subgroup.
- (3) Find all generators of group $\{\pm 1, \pm i\}$,if possible.
- (4) Let H be any subgroup of group G.Then prove that $aH = H \Leftrightarrow a \in H$.
- (5) Prove that isomorphic image of abelian group is also abelian.
- (6) Prove that $\theta : Z \rightarrow Z$ defined by $\theta(n) = -n$ is an automorphism of Z .

Que.3 Prove that (G, \cdot) is a non-commutative group,where G is set of all 2×2 non singular matrices .

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OR

Que.3 Let H and K be subgroups of group G.Then prove that HK is subgroup of G iff $HK = KH$. 6

Que.4 State and prove Lagrange's theorem , Euler's theorem and Fermat's theorem .

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OR

Que.4 Let G be a cyclic group and H , a subgroup of G.Then prove that H is cyclic.

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Que.5 State and prove Third isomorphism theorem.

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OR

Que.5 Let $G = \langle a \rangle$ be a finite cyclic group of order n.Then prove that the mapping $\theta : G \rightarrow G$ defined by $\theta(a) = a^m$ is an automorphism of G iff m is relatively prime to n.

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