

V.P.& R.P.T.P.Science College.Vallabh Vidyanagar.

Internal Test

B.Sc. Semester VI

US06CMTH02 (Complex Analysis)

Tuesday , 11th March 2014

3.30 p.m. to 5.00 p.m.

Maximum Marks: 30

Que.1 Answer the following (Any three)

6

- (1) By using definition, prove that $\frac{d}{dz}(z^{-1}) = -\frac{1}{z^2}$.
- (2) Prove that limit of function is unique, if it exist.
- (3) Prove that $f(z) = 2x + ixy^2$ is not differentiable at any point .
- (4) Verify that $f(z) = e^{ix+y}$ is nowhere analytic .
- (5) Prove that $\sin z = \sin x \cosh y + i \cos x \sinh y$.
- (6) Find all values of $\cosh^{-1}(-1)$.

Que.2 (a) By using definition of limit prove that $\lim_{z \rightarrow (1-i)} (x + i(2x + y)) = 1 + i$.

4

(b) Prove that a composition of a continuous function is also continuous.

4

OR

Que.2 (a) Prove that every differentiable function is continuous. Does the converse hold ? Verify it.

6

(b) If $f(z) = \frac{x^3 y(y - ix)}{z(x^6 + y^2)}$, $z \neq 0$, $f(0) = 0$. Is $\lim_{z \rightarrow 0} f(z)$ exists ?

2

Que.3 (a) Give an example of function such that partial derivatives of its components satisfies the C-R equations at some points but function is not differentiable at that point . Verify it .

6

(b) Check that whether $f(z) = (3x + y) + i(3y - x)$ is entire or not .

2

OR

Que.3 (a) State and prove sufficient conditions for differentiability of $f(z)$.

5

(b) Find a harmonic conjugate $v(x,y)$ for $u(x,y) = 2x - x^3 + 3xy^2$.

3

Que.4 (a) Prove that $\cos z_1 - \cos z_2 = -2 \sin \left(\frac{z_1 + z_2}{2} \right) \sin \left(\frac{z_1 - z_2}{2} \right)$.

3

(b) Solve the equation $e^z = \sqrt{3} - i$

3

(c) Prove that $\overline{\exp(iz)} = \exp(i\bar{z})$ if $z = n\pi$, $n \in \mathbb{Z}$.

2

OR

Que.4 (a) Find all values of $\cos^{-1}(\sqrt{2})$.

3

(b) Prove that $\text{Log}(-1 + i) = \frac{1}{2} \ln 2 + 3\frac{\pi}{4}i$.

3

(c) Prove that $\frac{d}{dz}(\tanh z) = \text{sech}^2 z$.

2

