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V.P.& R.P.T.P.Science College, Vallabh Vidyanagar.

B.Sc. (Semester - V) Internal Test US05CMTH05 (Number Theory)

Date. 5/10/2016; Wednesday

11.00 a.m. to 12.30 p.m.

Maximum Marks: 25

Que.1 Fill in the blanks. 3 $(1) (525, 231) = \dots$ 10 (b) 31 (c) 21 (d) 7 (2) $T(60) = \dots$ (a) 60 (b) 12 (c) 18 (d) 61 (3) 765432 is divided by 3 (c) 11 (d) 5 (b) 13 Que.2 Answer the following (Any Two) 4 (1) Prove that [a, b, c] = [[a, b], c]. (2) Find highest power of 4 in 50!. (3) Prove that the indeterminate equation ax + by = c has solution iff d/c, where (a, b) = d. Que.3 (a) Let g be a positive integer greater than 1 then prove that every positive integer a can be written uniquely in the form $a = c_n g^n + c_{n-1} g^{n-1} + \dots + c_1 g + c_0$, where $n \ge 0$, $c_i \in \mathbb{Z}$, $0 \le c_i < g$, $c_n \ne 0$. 4 (b) Prove that (a, b) = (a + kb, a), for $k \in \mathbb{Z}$. 2 Que.3 (a) State and prove Fundamental theorem of divisibility. 4 (b) If (a,b) = 1 then prove that (ac,b) = (c,b). 2 Que.4 (a) Prove that $S(a) < a\sqrt{a}$, $\forall a > 2$. (b) Prove that $[x] + [y] \le [x + y] \le [x] + [y] + 1$. 2 OR Que.4 (a) Prove that the necessary and sufficient condition that a positive integer a can be even perfect number is $a = 2^{n}(2^{n+1} - 1)$, (n > 1) and $2^{n+1} - 1$ is prime. 4 (b) Prove that $u_{n+1}^2 = u_n^2 + 3u_{n-1}^2 + 2[u_{n-2}^2 + u_{n-3}^2 + \dots + u_1]$. 2 Prove that a general integer solution of $x^2+y^2+z^2=w^2$, (x,y,z,w)=1 is given by $x=(a^2-b^2+c^2-d^2)$, y=2ab-2cd, z=2ad+2bc, $w=a^2+b^2+c^2+d^2$. Que.5 6 OR Que.5 (a) Solve the equation 19x + 20y = 1909. 3 (b) Prove that every number containing more than two digits can be divided by 4 iff the number

formed by last two digits can be divided by 4.